

Delta & Unit Step Functions

$$\frac{\partial u(t)}{\partial t} = \delta(t)$$

Convolution

$$Y[n] = X_1[n] * X_2[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} X_1[k] X_2[n-k]$$

$$X_1[n] * X_2[n] = X_2[n] * X_1[n]$$

$$\delta(t) * x(t) = x(t)$$

$$\sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} X[k] u[n-k] u[k] = \sum_{k=0}^n X[k]$$

Fourier Series

$$x(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} a_k e^{jk\omega_0 t} = \sum_{k \in T} a_k e^{jk\omega_0 t}$$

$$a_n = T^{-1} \int_T x(t) e^{-jn\omega_0 t} dt$$

Meaning K over the period.
(i.e. K=0 up to K=T...
or any span of length T)

Inverse Fourier Transform

$$x(t) = (2\pi)^{-1} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} X(j\omega) e^{j\omega t} d\omega$$

$$x[n] = (2\pi)^{-1} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} X(e^{j\omega}) e^{j\omega n} d\omega$$

$$X(j\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

e^x sinusoidal ↔ func. conversion

$$\cos(\omega t) = .5 (e^{j\omega t} + e^{-j\omega t})$$

$$-\cos(\omega t) = .5 (-e^{j\omega t} - e^{-j\omega t})$$

$$\sin(\omega t) = .5 (e^{j\omega t} - e^{-j\omega t})$$

$$-\sin(\omega t) = .5 (e^{-j\omega t} - e^{j\omega t})$$

Fourier Transform Convolution Property

If:

$$x(t) \xleftrightarrow{F} X(j\omega)$$

$$y(t) \xleftrightarrow{F} Y(j\omega)$$

Then:

$$x(t) * y(t) \xleftrightarrow{F} X(j\omega) Y(j\omega)$$

Integration By Parts

$$\int f(x) g'(x) dx = f(x) g(x) - \int g(x) f'(x) dx$$

Impulse Train Sampling

$$p(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t - nT)$$

T – sampling period

$\omega_s = 2\pi/T$ – sampling frequency

(sampled signal)

$$x_p(t) = x(t)p(t)$$